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Isolated Anatomic Reconstruction of Anterior Cruciate Ligament in Sportsmen with High Pivot Shift Grade: Is it Enough for Rotational Stability?

Mohamed Amine Gharbi, Moatassem Belleh Jelassi, Houssem Eddine Chahed, Ahmed Zendeoui, Anis Tebourbi, Ramzi Bouzidi, Khelil Ezzaouia, Mouadh Nefiss

Department of Orthopedic and Trauma Surgery, Mongi Slim Marsa University Hospital Center, Tunis, Tunisia





Disclosures:

- Authors (or a member of their immediate family) <u>**DO NOT**</u> have a financial interest or other relationship with a commercial company or institution.

- Authors declare that there is NO CONFLICT OF INTEREST.



BACKROUND:

 Rotational instability of the knee remains an issue after anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) reconstruction

 In fact, the association of antero-lateral ligament reconstruction seems to yield to better outcomes in patients with high grade pivot shift, however it remains a topic of discussion





OBJECTIVE:

 Our aim was to evaluate functional outcomes as well as clinical residual laxity after isolated anatomic ACL reconstruction in amateur sportsmen with high grade pivot shift





METHODS:

• Our retrospective study included 74 nonprofessional athletic patients participating in pivoting sports with at least grade II pivot shift who have had primary anatomic single-bundle reconstruction with hamstrings tendon graft for isolated acute ACL injury with minimum follow-up of two years



RESULTS:

- The mean time between injury and surgery was 4 months
- At the last follow-up, 5% of our patients still have anterior residual laxity at the Lachman Test and 8% still have positive pivot shift (4 patients Grade I and 2 patients Grade II)



RESULTS:

- Mean Lysholm-Tegner score was 70.6 ± 5.2 before the surgery and 92.3 ± 4.7 after the surgery
- The mean IKDC score was 61.2 ± 4.3 before the surgery and 95.3 ± 2.4 after the surgery



RESULTS:

- 72% of patients have returned to their athletic activity with mean time interval of 8 months
- Only shorter time interval between trauma and surgery was statistically associated to a better functional result



DISCUSSION:

- Isolated anatomic ACL reconstruction was found to be effective in improving outcomes and allows a reliable control of anteroposterior as well as rotatory stability of the knee with satisfying functional results in amateur sportsmen with high pivot shift grade [1,2]
 - Anterolateral ligament reconstruction should not be performed routinely for all patients undergoing ACL reconstruction [3,4]



CONCLUSION:

 Additional reconstruction with anterolateral ligament maybe not mandatory in amateur sportsmen with high pivot shift grade, however reduction of the time interval between trauma and recommended for a better result



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